

PROJECT 10073 RECORD

1. DATE - TIME GROUP 31 December 57 01/0430Z	2. LOCATION Duluth, Minnesota
3. SOURCE Civilian	10. CONCLUSION INSUFFICIENT DATA FOR EVALUATION
4. NUMBER OF OBJECTS One	
5. LENGTH OF OBSERVATION 3 - 5 Minutes	11. BRIEF SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS The sighting took place in 1957 and has just been reported to the Air Force. Sighting is too old to investigate and information presented is insufficient for evaluation.
6. TYPE OF OBSERVATION Ground-Visual	
7. COURSE N/A	
8. PHOTOS <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	
9. PHYSICAL EVIDENCE <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

FORM
FTD SEP 63 0-329 (TDE) Previous editions of this form may be used.

April 3rd - 1966.

Project Blue Book Information Office
SAC, Washington, D. C.

Duluth, Minnesota
31 Dec 1957

I am S. J. [unclear] of Duluth, Minnesota. I am a [unclear] year old man. I have been flying since 1957. On Dec 30, 1957, at 9:30 P.M., I watched a large [unclear] at least 14 or 16 inches across for 3 to 5 minutes. It stayed stationary about 500 feet [unclear] ground. It was [unclear] bright. It kept the sky [unclear] ground. It [unclear] about half a mile away.



From [unclear] light.
all around.
The light [unclear]
like on a car
from [unclear] but
light behind it

Within it [unclear] going back north it went
straight back as far as I can get smaller and smaller.
Then it disappeared. It came from north and drift
ed [unclear] ways, but about of out. [unclear] light when
it left. A year later on Dec 23, 1958 [unclear] (Cookston)
Minnesota. Same place as I did. The [unclear]
the [unclear] with [unclear] hands. It
had to be made with human hands. It
was no [unclear] ball. It made no noise.
It was [unclear] this. It [unclear] all they did about
flying [unclear] [unclear], except gas. [unclear] [unclear]
flying [unclear] [unclear] in Duluth, Minnesota
[unclear] [unclear] in Colorado. [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]
[unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]

Mr. [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
Colorado, Springs
Sept 20, 1969.

P.S.
wanted to send you the name of the
man at Construction, but can't find the clipping
just now. Mr. [REDACTED] is back with me but
here. Directions of the [REDACTED] to you.

Venus Is Christmas Star

A crescent moon and the planet Venus will be close together on December 24, making a brilliant pair that lights the Christmas sky.

By JAMES STOCKLEY

• This year we will have two crescents in the sky. The planet Venus will be bright, using its maximum of the second magnitude, and the greatest of the month. The

other, the moon, will be a slender crescent, not far from the sun. It follows the sun below the horizon, and is then three hours later. But even this will not be the real extent of the display, for the path of the crescent moon passes through the sky of Venus. While the crescent appears to move away from the star, it is actually moving toward it. The crescent is brighter than Venus, and it seems as though it is moving back to the star's region of the sky, *as settings*.

Many other planets can be seen in December evenings on the tenth day, and they are all brighter than Venus, and remain bright in the second half of the month. The star that is most brilliant is the second-magnitude planet Mars, which is the fourth-brightest star. Mars is a slender crescent, moving toward the sun, and the Dog Star, Sirius, the great dog star, near the horizon. However, its low altitude causes a partial diminution of its light. Later in the night it climbs higher in the southern sky, and is then an easy picture.

In the astronomical scale of star brightness, Sirius is a magnitude, or 1.0, and remains bright except in the star charts, and can be in the nighttime sky. Compared to Venus, however, it is relatively faint, for the magnitude of this planet is 4.2. Venus now is nearly as bright as the bright star, Sirius.

In this group of two bright stars of the first magnitude, the great star, Sirius, and Venus, are now joined by another. Between them is the third-brightest star, the star of Orion, which is nearly as bright as the bright star, Sirius.

Venus is the brightest star, and, since it is in line, it is easy to identify. To the left of Taurus is Arcturus, the brighter with the sun, Capella, another of the first magnitude.

Opposite to Capella, we come to the twin stars, which the stars called Castor and Pollux, of which the latter is the brighter. And between Venus and Arcturus stands Canis Minor, the lesser dog, with Procyon as the brightest star.

Closer toward the southwest are found the remains of the constellations of the summer evenings. Near the horizon, as far out on the rays, or higher if it is earlier in the evening, is Vega, about all that is left of Lyra, the lyre. Above and to the left is Cynosure, the swan, with Deneb. Vega and Deneb both are first-magnitude stars, their low altitude makes them look fainter.

At 3:30 a. m. at the beginning of December, and 1:30 a. m. at the end, the other planet, Jupiter, appears in the southwest, in Virgo, the virgin. Its light, however, is just a star, the same as that of Sirius. Mars, of the second magnitude,

uses less about two hours before the sun, including the scales.

On Christmas eve, when the crescent moon is standing nearby, you look at Venus through a telescope, you will find that it also is in a crescent phase.

Crescent Venus

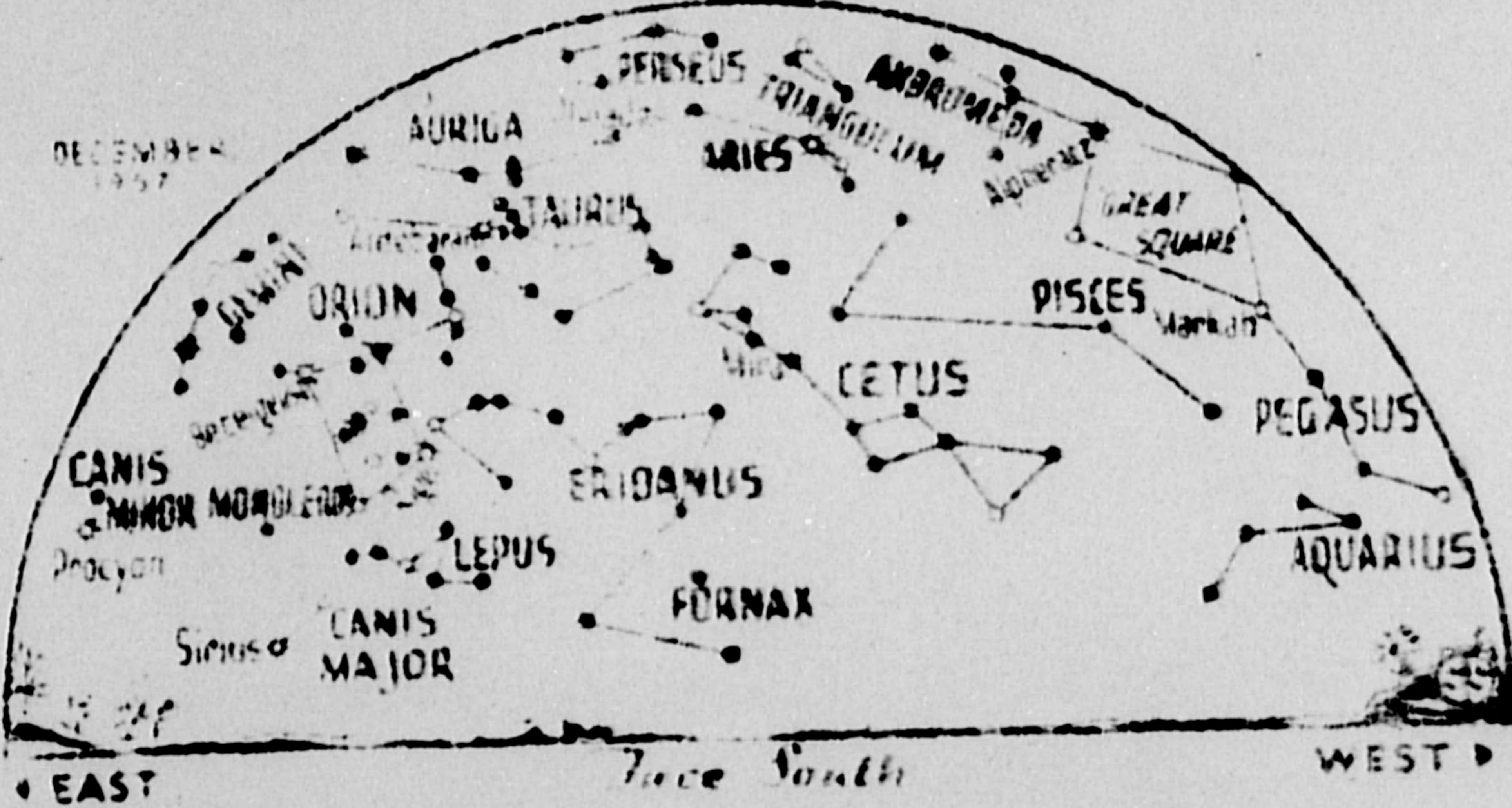
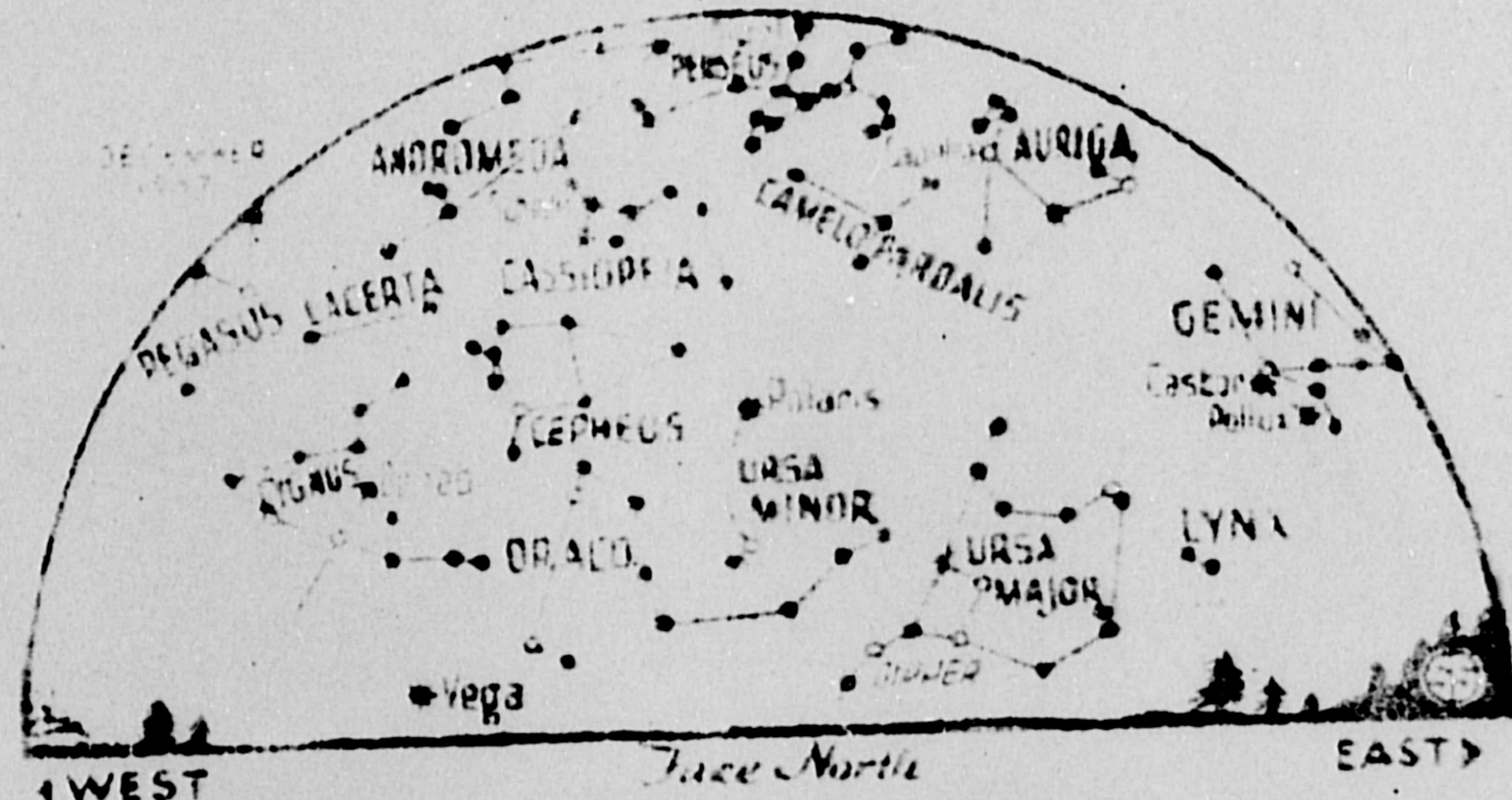
It will not be quite as thin a crescent as that of the moon, but more like the moon some two days later, or about five days after it is new.

The reason for the lunar phases is found in the fact that, as the moon revolves around the earth, it presents to our view varying amounts of its illuminated hemisphere.

At new, it is practically between the sun and us; the sunlit half is entirely turned away and we see nothing. But a few days later, as the moon swings eastward from the direction of the sun, it remains in the western sky for a while after the sun has set. A narrow sliver of the bright half then appears to us, as a crescent. Then, as it swings still farther away from the sun, half, three-quarters, and finally all, of the sunlit side is presented to us, bringing the full moon.

This takes about two weeks. During the next two weeks the changes occur in reverse order, and the moon is new once again.

Something similar happens to Venus.



• • • SYMBOLS FOR STARS IN ORDER OF BRIGHTNESS

UNIVERSE

Like the moon, it has no light of its own but is illuminated by the sun, so that one half is bright and the opposite half dark.

Last April 14 it was out beyond the sun, with the entire bright hemisphere turned earthwards. Since then it has been moving and is now coming between the earth and sun. Thus, most of its sunlit hemisphere is turned away, and we have a crescent phase.

On Jan. 28 it will be, nearly, directly between us and the sun, and this will correspond to new moon. After that it will become a crescent again, visible in the morning sky before sunrise.

Unlike the moon, Venus is always so far away that only through a telescope are its phases visible.

The phases of Venus differ from those of the moon in another respect.

As the sun travels around the earth, its distance does not change very greatly, only from about 221,000 miles to 253,000 miles.

Thus there is no great change in its apparent size, and the diameter of the full moon is about the same as when it is in a narrow crescent phase. But when Venus is full it is out far beyond the sun, about 160,000,000 miles away. Just before Christmas it will be less than 40,000,000 miles away, and on Jan. 28 its distance will be about 26,000,000 miles. Thus, as it gets near the "new" phase, it is much larger, seemingly, in the sky.

That is why it is brightest when a crescent. Although less than half of the bright side is visible to us, its proximity more than makes up for this, and the part we can see fills the largest area of the sky. Then it is at the greatest brilliance.

Winter Arrives

On Dec. 21 the sun, which has apparently been traveling southward in the sky since last June, reaches its southernmost point. This is the winter solstice—the beginning of winter in the Northern Hemisphere—and it occurs at 9:49 p. m., EST.

At that moment the sun will be directly over a point near the eastern edge of the ~~Arabian~~ Desert, which is in Australia, on the border between Queensland and the Northern Territory. In Australia, and other southern countries, the sun will be high in the sky, marking summer's beginning.

Celestial Time Table for December Dec. EST

- 3 6:18 p.m. Algol (variable star in Perseus) at minimum brightness.
- 7 1:16 a.m. Full moon.
- 8 10:20 p.m. Saturn on far side of sun, distance 1,030,000,000 miles.
- 13 early a.m. Geminid meteor shower, meteors apparently radiating from constellation of Gemini.
- midnight Moon nearest sun, distance 230,100 miles.
- 14 12:49 a.m. Moon in Magellan.
- 16 12:57 p.m. Moon passes Jupiter.
- 18 2:35 a.m. Algol at minimum.
- 3:46 p.m. Moon passes Mars.
- 20 11:06 p.m. Algol at minimum.
- 22 1:12 a.m. New Moon.
- 9:49 p.m. Winter commences in Northern Hemisphere.
- 23 7:53 p.m. Algol at minimum.
- 11:40 p.m. Venus at greatest brilliancy.
- 24 1:27 p.m. Moon passes Venus.

- 27 11:00 p.m. Moon farthest, distance 251,300 miles.
- 28 11:52 p.m. Moon in first quarter.

Subtract one hour for CST, two hours for MST, and three for PST.

Science News Letter, November 23, 1957

No Case (Information Only)

16 December 1957
Sao Marcos,

- 7 -

A TALE OF TWO DISCS

Do you remember Deverges, that scoutmaster who lived a strange adventure with a flying saucer, back in 1952? Do you remember what Ruppelt wrote about him in Report on UFO's?

Many years have passed by since the strange happening in Florida and it is possible that you don't recollect all details. Some of them were very strange indeed and no satisfactory explanation has ever been given either by Project Blue Book or any official agency. Ruppelt interviewed the scoutmaster and investigated the spot where a weird machine had hovered, discovering that the roots of the vegetation on that particular spot were unaccountably charred. Unable to crush the story as told by Deverges, Ruppelt destroyed the scoutmaster's reputation and the whole affair was dismissed by official and unofficial investigators as a hoax. The whole story is worth reading. The book written by Ruppelt is full of reticences and dubious meanings and deals widely a la Ruppelt with his own experiences while heading Project Blue Book. It is impossible to deny that the book is very good, but to the casual reader it seems to destroy even solidly established facts about saucers, because as the head of Project Blue Book "Ruppelt should know what he is talking about", but to mature UFOlogists the book might be said to have been written for the sole purpose of confusing the whole subject. In many instances the confusing method was craftily introduced and it is apparent that the author evaded legal action by the persons concerned, by changing or omitting their names. Deverges, for instance, is simply designated as "the scoutmaster" while Chrisman, Dahl and Arnold when massacred by Ruppelt in the Madry Island affair had their names changed to Jackson, Richards and Simpson. How would it be possible to an un-named scoutmaster or to non-existent Jacksons, Richard and Simpsons to take legal action against Ruppelt? The ex-Chief of Project Blue Book got away unchallenged and this circumstance plus the officious character of his book has given him credit and discredit to ~~interested people concerned~~.

This, perhaps, is no longer important. The important, according to M. K. Jessup is to find a common denominator for certain phenomena and this seems to have been found in Brazil very recently: a saucer apparently landed and left ashy roots to perfectly fresh vegetation. The story has been published by A Gazeta of Vitoria, Brazil in January 12, 1958. Here's what happened: Moacyr Silva, reporter of A Gazeta heard that a flying disc had landed in a farm in the village of Sao Marcos, 24 kilometers from Colatina in the state of Espirito Santo. The thing had happened on December 16, 1957, but the news only reached the reporter at the beginning of January. It was so amazing that Silva decided to go to the place and investigate. Now we quote from his story:

"Arriving at Colatina I contacted the authorities on the chance that they knew about the landing. The authorities said I should look for Senhor Joao Campo Dallorto in Sao Marcos. Arriving there I heard from him what I already knew and it was decided to go to the farm.

"A little caravan comprising Mr. Joao Campo, Nelson Campo, Antonio Campo, Anacleto Dasso, myself and my wife, succeeded in reaching the spot, regardless of the bad weather and the immense toil. From a great distance I could see the exact spot where the disc had hovered: a circular deep-green ring had been left over a hill. During the trip to Sao Marcos Mr. Campo supplied many details to the case: Mrs. Teresa Bonella, wife of Mr. Marcolino Bonella, local farmers, had seen a great circular object hovering over the pasture on the slope of a little hill in front of her home. The distance between the hill and the ranch home was about 300 meters (1,000 feet). The lower part of the great structure shined intensely. Scared Mrs. Bonella called her grown-up sons who were inside the ranch, but when they arrived at the window the thing had disappeared. Perhaps the strange fact would be dismissed without further ado, but for the dark-green ring left in the grass where the thing had hovered or landed. It contrasted strongly with the yellow color of grass all around. (During Autumn and Summer in this latitude, vegetation gets the same "burnt color of the Fall in northern United States).

"At the place where the disc had been we verified that the ring was circular in shape. Its diameter measured 17,4 meters (about 50 feet) and its periphery 53 meters (about 160 feet). The width of the strip forming the ring was half a meter (about 20 inches). On the north side of the ring there was some sort of concavity distorting the circular shape. This concavity was called by the local inhabitants "the door". The thing had hovered in the slope of the hill so that there's a difference

of 3,5 meters (10 feet) between the highest and lowest edge of the ring, the highest being on the east side.

East

Every side of the ring had patches of vegetation of healthy and strong grass, with no special features, except very green parts in the middle. For the lower part of the ring, there was a small portion of brownish grass, which was very dry and brittle, around which was covered with North the door yellow grass and green grass South

yellow grass all around

West

"Strange though it looked, we noticed that the ring made by the deep green grass was constituted by the same kind of vegetation of the entire pasture. It had become instantly deep green, soft and breakable as fresh grass as the object left. The grass inside the ring seemed to have been treated with some miraculous fertilizer. We also constated the presence of something looking like violet ink near "the door". That sort of ink stained our hands and papers. We tried hard to explain its provenance from any "terrestrial" source around the place, but failed. About 450 meters (1,350 feet) east of the ring we found a strange hole in the ground. It was perfectly round in its upper edge, measuring 5 mm (3/16ths of an inch) in diameter, 18 centimeters deep (about 7 inches) tapering toward the bottom. Without knowing why we thought that it could have been caused by some special sondor or probe. There was nothing in the vicinity that might have explained the hole. We extracted some grass from the ring and noticed that the roots were slightly phosphorescent and surrounded by what seemed to be minute fungi. Also beneath the surface of the earth or ground, it was all ashes, although the grass was perfectly fresh and is now preferred by the grazing cattle, so much so that the green grass is now disappearing. No radioactivity was detected and it was later ascertained that the violet ink contained no toxics. There are many more details that would take too long a time to enumera-

"After getting around many difficulties, I succeeded in meeting Mrs. Bonella. This lady was rather scared of talking about what she had seen because some unscrupulous people had threatened her with prison if she revealed to anybody what she had seen. Here's what she told me: 'I was sitting by the table in the living room about 16:30, when I raised my eyes toward the pasture and noticed that an object of great proportions was over the grass in the hill. It was as light colored as do leaves of the white imbaúba (milky) and its lower part was intensely phosphorescent. The object was shaped like two basins inverted against each other. I think I observed the object for about three minutes, when all of sudden I felt scared and went shouting for my sons. When they arrived nothing could be seen but the strange dark green ring over the hill. From the distance they said it probably was coal dust left by someone.'

Mrs. Bonella is a respectable lady of 65 with five grown up sons. She is a local farmer, mentally lucid and loved by her neighbors. Her statements deserve credit. Perhaps it should be known that she has never heard about the existence of unidentified flying objects, living in so remote a place. The news got around three days after the strange happening, when Farmer Juvencio Passamani, a neighbor learned about it and started talking.

"The photographic documentary with details was extremely difficult to be obtained due to the bad weather. Also the hilly country did not afford a chance for good photos. Only from a great distance and using photo-lens was it possible to secure a few shots of the ring. As to the material caught in the spot, further analysis are being made. Samples of the vegetation are being roared in other places for future observation."

Here we have something strange indeed. We have already written to Moacyr Silva requesting a few prints of the photos taken and further details, but so far no answer has come. Funny about Mrs. Bonella being threatened, isn't? Don't you think this event somewhat resembles the Dovorgds case? Espírito Santo is the hottest radioactive state in Brazil.

No Case (Information Only)

16 December 1957

Old Saybrook, Connecticut

One of the most unusual sightings related to the Two-State UFO Study Group for Adults was an encounter in December, 1957 by a retired school teacher, Mrs. Mary Starr of Old Saybrook, Conn., who reported a closeup sighting of a cigar-shaped object, having lights, windows, and at least four passengers, which hovered near her home on this close encounter. Her story, though 'fantastic', seems to ring of truth.

Little Men in Flying Cigar: That's What Teacher Saw

By Ralph Chapman

OLD SAYBROOK, Conn., Apr. 26.—Mrs. Mary Starr is a school teacher living here in semi-retirement. She has a bachelor's degree from Middlebury, a master's degree from Yale. She has taught in China and Japan as well as the United States, has traveled widely and speaks several languages.

This is the story she told as we sat before a crackling fire in the living room of her cottage on Long Island Sound:

"I was alone that night (Dec. 16, 1957) so I went to bed early, about 10 o'clock. Some time between two and three in the morning, I was awakened by a bright light in my room. I looked out the window and there was what I first thought was a crippled airplane in my back garden.

What She Saw

"But when I got my eyes really open, I saw that it was a cigar-shaped object, brightly lit and with square port holes, hovering above my clothesline. I could see three men inside. An antenna poked up from what seemed to be the tail of this object. There was no sound.

"After about five minutes it turned at right angle and I could see that it was so shallow that the men could not have been more than three and a half or four feet tall. It glided out of my garden, rose almost vertically, and then disappeared."

Agencies Given Report

Mrs. Starr described the incident with no more emotion than if she had been telling about the visit of a friend. The story was accepted in the same manner by Richard Hall and Donald Neill, members of the staff of the National Investigations Committee on Aerial

Phenomena in Washington; and Miss Isabel Davis, a member of Civilian Saucer Intelligence in New York.

NICAP, as it is known, is dedicated to the idea that the Air Force is not giving the public all the information it should have on "flying saucers," technically known as "unidentified flying objects." Civilian Saucer Intelligence operates along similar lines but on a smaller scale. Both organizations believe that many UFO "sightings" are interplanetary vehicles which have approached or landed on the earth.

Officially, the Air Force has never admitted such a possibility.

Mr. Hall puffed on a pipe, stretched his legs toward the open fire and charged the Air Force with:

1. Failing to investigate all UFO reports.
2. Being too superficial in many cases where it does investigate.
3. Refusing to make findings in specific cases available to independent investigators, even scientists.
4. Publishing evaluations of "sightings" which do not jibe with the available facts.

Want Inquiry by Congress
NICAP makes its own investigations wherever possible and insists that the results are at wide variance from those reported by the Air Force.

Immediate objective of the organization is to get a full-dress Congressional investigation of the whole subject. Longer range objectives are "public education" and a truly scientific study of UFOs, a project for which NICAP does not have the money at the present time.

*****09
DEC. 21, 1957 PONTA PORAN, BRAZIL (LORENZEN P 138) 6 WITNESSES00

MRS. IVONNE TORRES DE MENDONCA, HER THREE CHILDREN, HER SERVANT MISS BRUNA, 01
AND HER YOUNG DRIVER, MARCIO GONCALVES (SEE REPORT FOR MARCH 1958). WERET 02
TRAVELING BY JEEP FROM HER FARM TO THE VILLAGE OF PONTA PORAN. IN PLACES THE 03
ROAD RAN ALMOST PARALLEL TO THE FRONTIER OF PARAGUAY. LOW-HANGING CLOUDS 04
COVERED THE SKY AND NIGHT HAD COME EARLY. SUDDENLY AT 6.30 P.M. FAR AWAY TO 05
THE SOUTH, MRS. MENDONCA SPOTTED A LARGE BALL OF LIGHT ABOUT THE SIZE OF THE 06
FULL MOON. IT APPEARED TO BE CLOSE TO THE GROUND BUT SHE KNEW IT COULDNT BE 07
ANOTHER CAR AS THERE WERE NO OTHER ROADS IN THAT AREA. THE LITTLE PARTY DROVE08
ON AS THEY DISCUSSED THE POSSIBLE IDENTITY OF THE THING. THE LIGHT THEN 09
STARTED MOVING RAPIDLY IN THEIR DIRECTION, AND THEY REALIZED IT WAS NOT ONE 10
BUT TWO SPHERICAL, LUMINOUS OBJECTS FLYING SIDE BY SIDE. THE OBJECTS 11
APPROACHED THE JEEP SILENTLY, GRADUALLY INCREASING THE GAP BETWEEN EACH OTHER 12
SO THAT WHEN THEY WERE NEAR, EACH OBJECT WAS FLYING ALONG A SIDE OF THE ROAD. 13
THEY FOLLOWED A HORIZONTAL COURSE BUT OSCILLATED FROM ONE SIDE TO THE OTHER IN14
A STRANGE WOBBLING MOTION AND APPEARED TO SPIN ON THEIR OWN AXES. THEN ONE OF15
THEM STOPPED IN MID-AIR AND DIVED TOWARD THE GROUND -- STOPPING A FEW FEET 16
ABOVE IT AND ABOUT SIXTY FEET FROM THE JEEP. THE OTHER OBJECT KEPT 17
MANEUVERING IN CIRCLES ABOVE THE JEEP, OCCASIONALLY GETTING UNCOMFORTABLY 18
CLOSE. THE OUTLINES OF THE OBJECTS COULD NOT BE SEEN CLEARLY BECAUSE OF THE 19
INTENSE LIGHT THEY EMITTED. ALTHOUGH IT APPEARED THAT THE OBJECTS WERE SHAPED 20
LIKE A SPHEROID ENCIRCLED BY A RING AT THE EQUATOR -- SIMILAR TO THE PLANET 21
SATURN. BOTH WERE OF THE SAME SIZE AND OF TWO COLORS -- THE UPPER HEMISPHERE 22
AND THE RING A FIERY RED, THE LOWER HEMISPHERE SURROUNDED BY A BRIGHT SILVER- 23
WHITE GLOW. THE OBJECTS WERE EXTREMELY BRIGHT AND INTERMITTENTLY SENT 24
BRILLIANT JETS OF LIGHT TOWARD THE JEEP. 25

ALL OF THE GROUP WERE FRIGHTENED. THE ROAD WAS DESERTED AND THEY DID NOT 26
KNOW WHAT TO EXPECT NEXT. ONE CHILD, FERNANDO, WAS ALMOST PARALYZED WITH FEAR27
AND THE OTHERS HAD BEGUN TO CRY. MRS. MENDONCA INSTRUCTED MARCIO NOT TO STOP 28
THE CAR, AND HE BEGAN TO DRIVE FASTER. BUT THE EERIE OBJECTS STAYED WITH 29
THEM, SOMETIMES VERY CLOSE, SOMETIMES INCREASING THEIR DISTANCE FROM THE JEEP.30
AT TIMES ONE OBJECT WOULD GET AHEAD OF THE JEEP AND SHINE A BRILLIANT LIGHT ON31
THE OCCUPANTS, WHILE THE OTHER FOLLOWED CLOSELY BEHIND, APPARENTLY OBSERVING 32
THEM. AT OTHER TIMES ONE OBJECT WOULD FLY ABOVE THEM AND DIRECT BEAMS OF 33
LIGHT AT THEM, WHILE THE OTHER DIVED TOWARD THE JEEP AT HIGH SPEED. MARCIO 34
HAD DIFFICULTY CONTROLLING THE VEHICLE. 35

THIS STRANGE CHASE LASTED FOR TWO HOURS UNTIL THE LITTLE PARTY REACHED 36
PONTA PORAN. ONLY TWICE DURING THE NIGHTMARISH EXPERIENCE DID THE JEEP STOP 37
-- ONCE TO TAKE STOCK OF THE SITUATION AND ONCE TO SEE IF THE OBJECTS WERE 38
INTERESTED IN A MOTIONLESS VEHICLE -- THEY WERE. EACH TIME THE JEEP PULLED TO39
A STOP THE REACTION OF THE OBJECTS WAS INSTANTANEOUS -- THEY WOULD BOTH DIVE 40
AT HIGH SPEED. ONE WOULD HOVER, THROWING A BEAM OF LIGHT ON THE GROUND WHILE 41

THE OTHER WOULD APPROACH THE ILLUMINATED SPOT. IT DID NOT LAND -- IT APPEARED42
TO HOVER MOTIONLESS ABOVE THE GROUND AND ITS BRILLIANCE WOULD DECREASE. THEN 43
THE JEEP'S OCCUPANTS GOT THEIR FIRST REAL LOOK AT THE OBJECT. IT APPEARED TO 44
BE A HUGE METALLIC SPHERE, ABOUT FIFTEEN FEET IN DIAMETER, ENCIRCLED AT THE 45
CENTER BY A LARGE, APPARENTLY ROTATING METALLIC RING. THE OBSERVERS SAW NO 46
DOORS, WINDOWS OR PORTHOLES. THERE WAS NO SOUND, NO HEAT, NO ODOR. 47

WHEN THE JEEP BEGAN TO MOVE AGAIN, THE OBJECTS FOLLOWED, AND WHEN THE JEEP 48
APPROACHED THE TOWN THE OBJECTS MOVED AWAY. BUT WHEN MARCIO STOPPED TO REFILL49
THE GAS TANK, THE WEIRD GLOBES MADE ANOTHER APPEARANCE, *LANDING* AGAIN, BUT 50
THIS TIME THEY HAD TO GET OUT OF THE JEEP AND WALK EIGHT FEET. THEY CLOUTED 51
THEIR FEET ON THE GROUND AND APPARENTLY READING WHAT MARCIO HAD WRITTEN IN PONTA 52
PORAN. THERE MRS. MENDONCA LOOKED FOR THE OBJECTS, BUT THEY WERE GONE. LATER 53
SHE AND SOME OF HER GROUP RETURNED TO WHERE THE LAST LANDING HAD TAKEN PLACE 54
AND FOUND AN ODD LUMINOUS HAZE FLOATING IN THE AIR ABOVE WHERE THE OBJECT HAD 55
HOVERED. THEY WATCHED IT SLOWLY DISSOLVE IN THE FAINT WIND BLOWING FROM THE 56
NORTH, AND THEY SAW ONE OF THE OBJECTS DISAPPEARING INTO THE WEST. IN THE 57
DIRECTION OF THE FRONTIER. 58

No Case (Information Only)

30 December 1957
Drakestown, New Jersey

Another New Jersey Little-man Case, Drakestown, December 30; Jules hopes to check up;
sounds promising; little men said to be luminous, and green! *1957*

NO CASE INFO: ONLY

SOURCE: SPACE CRAFT DIGEST - SPRING - 1958

31 DEC 1957

STOCKHOLM, Sweden - 31 December, '57 ... A report by a Swedish officer of a shining object traveling on a spiral course toward the Moon was under examination at Sweden's defense headquarters Monday.

The best guess so far seems to be that it might have something to do with the USSR satellite or middle experiment, a staff officer said.

"We know that it is no airplane, nor any meteorological balloon," he said. "And the Stockholm Observatory has told us that it is no meteor."

He said the observation was made Sunday by a Swedish army captain at Kortedala, near Goteborg, on the Swedish west coast.

"The captain reported he watched the object through his field glasses for 20 minutes."

"We are taking this report seriously since it came from a competent observer. All details are being forwarded to the FOA (scientific research institute of Sweden's armed forces).

"The captain described the object as a FLATTENED SPHERE circling moonwards."

"Its sides were somewhat elongated and there was a flickering glow as if from burning exhaust gases from one side."

The Swedish defense staff spokesman said the captain had not been able to estimate the altitude but had reported the object moved one degree a second on the scale of his field glasses."

From his position at Kortedala the captain saw the object in a S.S.W. direction.

The object was certainly not possibly Sputnik, as it is outside all possible scheduling the spokesman concluded.

So ends this Swedish army report of what most open-minded observers would say is an amazing UFO report.

Stockholm
Sweden

1 - 10 JANUARY 1958 SIGHTINGS

<u>DATE</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>OBSERVER</u>	<u>EVALUATION</u>
Jan 1	Uruguay		Insufficient Data
1-9	River Forest, Illinois	[REDACTED] (PHOTO)	Aircraft
2	Montgomery, Alabama	[REDACTED] Hoffer	Astro (METEOR)
2	Scott AFB, Centralia, Illinois	Multi	Astro (METEOR)
2	Willsboro, Illinois	[REDACTED]	Other (Ground Light)
2	Tachikawa, Yokota, Japan	Military	Astro (METEOR)
2	Woodridge, England	Military	Astro (VENUS)
2	Yosemite, Kentucky	[REDACTED]	Astro (METEOR)
2	N of New Orleans, Louisiana	[REDACTED]	Astro (METEOR)
2	Boise, Idaho	Civilian	Insufficient Data
3	Houston, Texas	[REDACTED]	Insufficient Data
3	W of Marietta, Georgia	Military	Aircraft
3	Old Westbury, Long Island, New York	[REDACTED]	Other (MISINTERPRETATION)
3	Le Compte, Forest Hill, Louisiana	Multi	Astro (VENUS)
3	Rushville, Illinois	[REDACTED]	Insufficient Data
4	Mankato, Kansas	[REDACTED]	Aircraft
4	Over SW Libya	Military (Vis & RADAR)	Astro (METEOR)
4	Tachikawa, Yokota, Japan	Military	Astro (METEOR)
4	Chattanooga, Tennessee	[REDACTED]	Insufficient Data
5	University City, Missouri	[REDACTED]	Astro (METEOR)
6	Great Neck, New York	[REDACTED]	Insufficient Data
6	Dayton, Ohio	[REDACTED]	Other (UNRELIABLE REPORT)
7	Los Angeles, California	[REDACTED]	Falloon
8	Deland, Florida	[REDACTED]	Insufficient Data
8	Marbor Springs, Michigan	[REDACTED]	Aircraft
9	Itazuke AB, Japan	Military	Astro (METEOR)
9	Biggs AFI, El Paso, Texas	Military (RADAR)	Other (BIRDS)
9-12	El Paso, Texas	Multi	Astro (VENUS)
10	El Paso, Texas	[REDACTED]	Aircraft
10	Green Castle, Indiana	[REDACTED]	Astro (METEOR)
10	Tatton, Ohio	[REDACTED]	Aircraft
10	Tampa, Florida	[REDACTED]	Astro (VENUS)
10	O'Fallon, Missouri	[REDACTED]	Astro (VENUS)
10	Tatton, Ohio	[REDACTED]	Astro (METEOR)

ADDITIONAL REPORTED SIGHTINGS (NOT CASES)

<u>DATE</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>SOURCE</u>	<u>EVALUATION</u>
1958 Jan 58	Utica, New York	[REDACTED] (Et.)	
2	Honolulu, Hawaii	[REDACTED] Met. S. C. Lippin	