## PROJECT 10073 RECORD CARD

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **1. DATE**<br>30 Jun 58 | **2. LOCATION**<br>Uruguay | **12. CONCLUSIONS**<br>☐ Was Balloon<br>☐ Probably Balloon<br>☐ Possibly Balloon<br>☐ Was Aircraft<br>☐ Probably Aircraft<br>☐ Possibly Aircraft<br>☐ Was Astronomical<br>☐ Probably Astronomical<br>☐ Possibly Astronomical<br>☐ Other _____<br>☒ Insufficient Data for Evaluation<br>☐ Unknown |
| **3. DATE-TIME GROUP**<br>Local 2230<br>GMT 01/0200Z Jul | **4. TYPE OF OBSERVATION**<br>☒ Ground-Visual ☐ Ground-Radar<br>☐ Air-Visual ☐ Air-Intercept Radar | |
| **5. PHOTOS**<br>☐ Yes<br>☒ No | **6. SOURCE**<br>CIOVI | |
| **7. LENGTH OF OBSERVATION**<br>- - - | **8. NUMBER OF OBJECTS**<br>one | **9. COURSE**<br>SE |

**10. BRIEF SUMMARY OF SIGHTING**

Tube shaped obj observed to North, vertical flight. Disappearing to East. Very high speed, very fast.

**11. COMMENTS**

Insufficient data to evaluate.

ATIC FORM 329 (REV 26 SEP 52)

ATIC FORM 329 (REV 26 SEP 52)

30/7

CENTRO DE INVESTIGACION DE OBJETOS VOLADORES INIDENTIFICADOS

(C.I.O.V.I)

REPUBLICA ORIENTAL DEL URUGUAY

FICHA DE OBSERVACION

Observación realizada por [redacted] /llas.-
Domicilio..Maldonado.....Edad.56..Estado Civil.Casada....
Profesión u ocupación...Jubilada.....
Fecha de la observación.junio.30.de.1958.....Hora.23:30!.
Lugar de la observación (Departamento,Localidad,Paraje,Calle,etc)
.Desde una ventana.-.....
.....
Testigos..Ninguno.....
.....
Domicilio de los testigos...---.....
.....
Se podía observar o precisar la existencia de un objeto o aparato aparentemente sólido?Sí.-.....
De qué forma?De tubo.-.....
Tamaño?Un metro aproximadamente.-.....
Tenía apariencia de ser metálico?.No.....
Cree Ud. que tenía movimiento giratorio sobre si mismo?---.....
.....
El movimiento giratorio se apreciaba en todo el aparato? Todo el conjunto giraba?.---.....
Que parte giraba?.---.....
La visión u objeto,se trasladaba?.No.-.....
En que dirección?.Norte.-.....
La velocidad era uniforme?..No..... se aceleraba?..No.....
..... se retardaba? No.....
La trayectoria era en línea recta?...Vertical.....
Efectuó alguna maniobra?..De costado.....
Puede describirla?.Se balanceó de un lado a otro.-.....
.....
.....
Se le observó movimiento de balanceo?. Sí.-.....
Qué altura llevaba?..Apareció entre las nubes.....
Dejaba estela?..No.....
De qué características?...---.....
.....
Había: A) Nubes?.Si.-.....
De qué tipo?...Cirrus.....
B) Viento?..Si.....
En qué dirección soplaba?...Este.....

C) Lluvia ?. No.....
D) Niebla ?. Si.....
E) Humedad ?. Máxima.....
F) Tiempo tormentoso ?.. Si.....
Hacia que lugar estaba la tormenta ?.. Cubierto el cielo..
El fenómeno se produjo: a) Por encima de las nubes ?. No.....
b) Por debajo de las nubes ?. No.....
c) A través de las nubes ?. Si.....
d) Por entre dos capas de nubes ?.. Si.....

Que temperatura había ?.. Ambiente caluroso.....
El fenómeno se detuvo en algún momento ?. Si.....
Cuál era su color ?.. Rojizo.....
Cambiaba de color ?.. No.....
Como cambiaba de color ?.. No cambiaba su color.....
.....
Puede precisar la ubicación de los colores ?. Siempre rojizo.....
.....
Luminosidad general del fenómeno: a) muy brillante ?.. Si.....
b) regular ? No.....
c) débil ? No.....

Destaque si el fenómeno se hallaba cerca de algún lugar importante (tal como aeropuerto, dependencia militar, industria, construcción vital, etc). Un aserradero y una Sub Ud.....
.....
Notó Ud. que la temperatura ambiente aumentaba ?. No.....
Hacía ruido ?... no..... Puede describirlo ?. en silencio...
. apareció.....
Oyó el ruido: a) antes de apreciar el fenómeno ?. no.....
b) simultáneamente ?. no.....
c) después ?.. nada.....
Notó si después de ocurrir el fenómeno se observó la precipitación de alguna materia extraña sobre la tierra ?.....
.....
Notó Ud. alguna alteración eléctrica (en su casa, auto, alumbrado público, etc.) Ninguna porque en ese momento me disponía a acostarme.//
Indique si después de la observación Ud. experimentó algún trastorno físico (pérdida de bellos o de cabello, quemaduras en la piel, trastornos digestivos, Perdida de conocimiento, etc). ..... (sigue).
había apagado la radio y la luz.....
Indique si antes de ocurrir el suceso o en el momento de éste, pudo apreciar algun estado de intranquilidad o exitación nerviosa en criaturas o animales.....
Otras características que crea Ud. necesario destacar.....
.....
.....
Los otros testigos vieron lo mismo ?. No habían.....
En que discrepan ?.....
.....

Es la primera vez que Ud. ve un fenómeno como el que describe?..Sí
.....
Los otros testigos?..No habían.....
.....
Detalle (si le es posible) qué se encontraba Ud. haciendo previamente a ocurrir el fenómeno. Observaba el espacio antes de dormirme siempre hago lo mismo por si ocurre algún fenómeno.....
.....
.....
Concretamente: cuál es su opinión con respecto a lo ocurrido?
Opino que este fenómeno haya sido por un experimento de algún país que no quiera dar a conocer guarde su secreto para algún día revelar los misterios que existen en lo maravilloso del espacio.....
.....
.....
En las líneas que siguen deseamos que Ud. relate el caso con sus propias palabras, lo mas detalladamente que le sea posible.....
Me disponía a dormir y me acerqué a la ventana y me detuve a contemplar la noche brumosa, la luna deslizábase entre las nubes y hacia el Norte vi aparecer al través de las nubes brumosas un objeto en forma de tubo de un metro que se balanceaba en forma vertical de un lado a otro de color oro rojizo y desapareció sin dejar ninguna estela. Estuve largo rato contemplando el cielo a ver si volvía a aparecer pero no vi más nada.-Al otro día se lo conté a mi esposo y quedó pensativo y después me respondió tal vez sea algún platovolador de distinta forma a los que se han observado.-.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

Blanca R. [redacted]
FIRMA DEL OBSERVADOR

Ced. de Identidad Nº.....
Cred. Cívica Nº...D.A.A. 3247....

ASTRONOMY

UNIVERSE

# Saturn and Jupiter Visible

**Three bright stars now seen in the eastern sky will become even more prominent in upcoming months. June 21 marks official beginning of summer in Northern Hemisphere.**

By JAMES STOKLEY

➤ BRILLIANT JUPITER, to the south, and Saturn, conspicuous although it is less than a sixth as bright, are two of the principal objects seen in the June evening sky. Both of these planets are shown on the accompanying maps, which depict the heavens as they look about 10:00 p.m., your own kind of standard time (add one hour for daylight saving time) at the first of June, or an hour earlier at the middle of the month.

The stars are the background against which the man-made earth satellites can be seen as they flash briefly across the heavens.

Jupiter is in the constellation of Virgo, the virgin, and just above the brightest star in that group, Spica. On the astronomical brightness scale, Spica is classed as magnitude 0.9, but Jupiter is now minus 1.8, which is about 12 times as bright. Saturn, in Ophiuchus, the serpent-bearer, is of intermediate brightness, with magnitude 0.2.

A little to the right of Saturn you will see Scorpius, the scorpion, with Antares, a bright star that is distinctly red in color. And over in the west, to the right of Virgo, stands Leo, the lion, with Regulus and Denebola. Low in the northwest, parts of Gemini, the twins, and Auriga, the charioteer, are still visible. Pollux and Capella, first magnitude stars in these groups, appear much fainter because they are close to the horizon and there is so much absorption of their light by the earth's atmosphere.

## Bright Stars in East

In the east you will find three bright stars that will become even more prominent during the coming months. These are Vega, in Lyra, the lyre; Deneb, in Cygnus, the swan, which is just below Lyra; and Altair, in Aquila, the eagle, to the right of Cygnus.

Another name for the swan is the Northern Cross, which is now seen in a partially inverted position, for Deneb is at the head of the cross.

The Great Dipper, part of Ursa Major, the great bear, stands high in the northwest. Dubhe and Merak, the "pointers" in the bowl of the dipper, are below; if you follow them to the right, you come to Polaris, the pole star, in Ursa Minor, the lesser bear.

The dipper's handle forms a guide to other prominent stars. If you follow its curve, through Alioth, Mizar and Alkaid, toward the south, you come to brilliant Arcturus, in Bootes. Continuing still farther, it brings you to Spica, and Jupiter.

In June, although Mercury is too close to the sun to be seen, Venus and Mars are visible later in the night. Mars comes up about three hours ahead of the sun. Its brightness is almost as much as that of Saturn, and its red color makes it easy to identify. It is now in Pisces, the fishes.

Venus, nearly five times as bright as Jupiter, is in Taurus, the bull, rising about two hours before the sun.

On June 21 the sun will reach its farthest north position for the year. This event, which marks the beginning of summer in the Northern Hemisphere, is called the summer solstice. It occurs at 4:57 p.m., EST. At that moment the sun will be directly over a point in the Pacific Ocean, on the Tropic of Cancer, and some 500 miles northeast of Hawaii.

## Jupiter's Motion Visible

With Jupiter so close to Spica, a star that occupies a fixed position in the sky, the movement of the planet is readily seen.

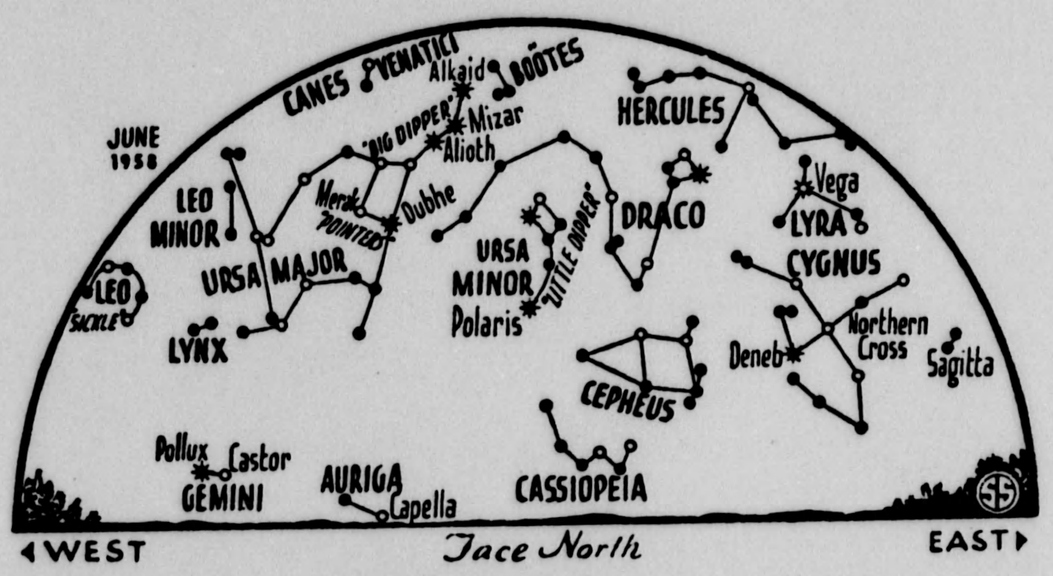
If you have been watching it during recent months, you will have noticed that it has been moving westerly among the stars since Feb. 15. This is called its "retrograde," or backward, movement. Actually Jupiter, like the earth and all the other planets, is going around the sun in the same direction, which is from the west to the east. But the nearer a planet is to the sun, the higher the speed. The earth's mean velocity in its orbit is 18.5 miles per second, compared with 8.1 mps for Jupiter.

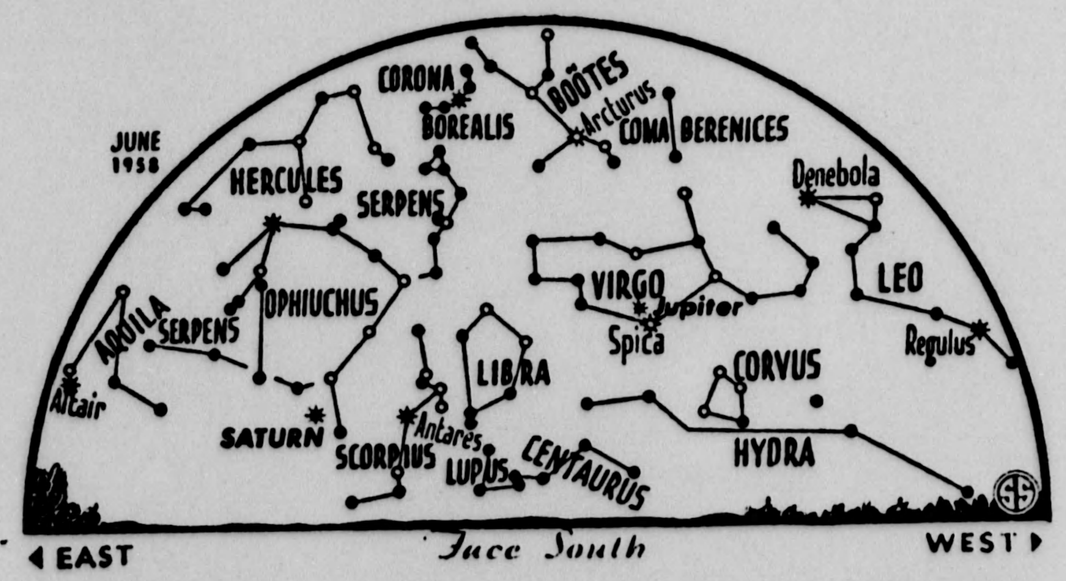
Since February, both earth and Jupiter have been in about the same direction from the sun. With the earth's greater speed, it has pulled past the outer planet, however. Viewed against the background of distant stars, therefore, Jupiter has seemed to move backwards, toward the west. In the same way, if you are traveling on an express train and pass a freight train on the next track, the slower freight may seem to be going the other way, even though actually it is moving in the same direction that you are. On Feb. 15 the earth began to pass Jupiter. By June 19 it will have pulled by and Jupiter will resume its usual, direct, easterly motion among the stars.

Also, the earth is now passing Saturn which is opposite the sun and closest to the earth (839,900,000 miles away) on June 13. Saturn, whose orbital speed is six miles per second, is also moving backward among the stars, as it has been since April 4. On Aug. 24 it will resume its direct or eastward movement.

At this time of year we have the opportunity of catching a fleeting glimpse, in the evening sky, of a prominent constellation which can never be seen completely from most parts of the United States. This is Centaurus, the centaur.

A few of the northernmost stars in this constellation are shown on the map of the




☼ ✱ ○ • SYMBOLS FOR STARS IN ORDER OF BRIGHTNESS

southern sky, just above the horizon. The rest of the group is s. r south that it fails to rise at all. The far.ier south you are, the higher these stars rise, and from southern Florida on June evenings, if it were perfectly clear right down to the southern horizon, you would see two very bright stars in the centaur, Alpha and Beta Centauri.

## Sun's Closest Star

Alpha Centauri is famous because it is the sun's closest neighbor in space. Actually it is a double star, consisting of two separate orbs, revolving around a common center of gravity. They have a more distant and fainter companion, which may be a little closer than the bright pair. This is called Proxima.

The distance of the Alpha Centauri system is about 26 million million miles, or 4.3 light years. That is, their light, which travels 186,000 miles every second, takes that many years to reach us. If, in a scale model, the period at the end of this sentence represented the sun, Alpha Centauri would be a colon five miles away!

The centaur, it will be recalled, was a mythological creature with the head and shoulders of a man and the body and legs of a horse. This constellation, on the old star maps, was shown holding a spear which he was using to defend himself from a wolf, represented by the constellation of Lupus, to the left of Centaurus.

The hind legs of the centaur are a very famous group of stars, for these make up the Southern Cross, the constellation Crux. Originally considered part of Centaurus, it is now listed separately. From southern Florida, and the vicinity of Brownsville, Texas, the Southern Cross just rises above the horizon; from Central and South America it comes well up into the sky.

Crux is directly south of Corvus, the crow, a constellation to the right of Spica and a little lower, which is shaped like a ship's mainsail.

Actually, the Southern Cross is not as "good" a cross as our Northern Cross. Four bright stars mark its extremities, but there is no star, as there is in its northern counterpart, to mark the intersection. To people who live in southern countries, it is a symbol of their homeland, and the southern cross appears on the flags of New Zealand and Australia.

## Celestial Time Table for June

| June | EST | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | 3:55 p.m. | Full moon. |
| 2 | 12:35 p.m. | Moon passes Saturn. |
| 9 | 1:59 a.m. | Moon in last quarter. |
| 10 | 11:08 a.m. | Moon passes Mars. |
| | midnight | Moon farthest, distance 251,300 miles. |
| 13 | 6:00 p.m. | Saturn opposite sun and nearest earth, distance 839,900,000 miles. |
| | 9:31 p.m. | Moon passes Venus. |
| 17 | 2:59 a.m. | New moon. |
| 21 | 4:57 p.m. | Sun farthest north, summer commences. |
| 24 | 4:44 a.m. | Moon in first quarter. |
| 25 | 2:59 p.m. | Moon passes Jupiter. |
| 26 | 4:00 a.m. | Moon nearest, distance 229,200 miles. |
| 29 | 6:10 p.m. | Moon passes Saturn. |

Subtract one hour for CST, two hours for MST, and three for PST.



A little late to tell anyone about it. However were I was employed in C[illegible] Charman, Pakistan is a small town near the Afghanistan w[illegible] were I was employed for the Morrison & Knudsen, Inc I was stationed on the border for the company working with the Afghan and Pakistan Custom people. No one could climb that mnt were I seen this object for three night in a row.

Jun 58
No Case
Info only

Nov 25, 1966

[redacted]
Hampstead
Montreal 29, Que.
Canada

Project Blue Book
Information Office
SAFOI
Wash. D.C. 20330

Dear Sir,

I would like to obtain a copy of the new AirForce booklet "Aids to Identification of Flying Objects".
The reason for this request is because of my own strange observation which is still a puzzle to this day.
It was the year of 1958-1959 in mid-Summer. My father a doctor was making a house call. I, after being in the car waiting for his arrival + getting quite bored and hot, decided to put my head out of the car and look at the heavens. In doing this I noted an object which was moving at a fair pace. At first I thought it might be a private plane because it was circling quite often. It was not a commercial plane because it had no red + white lights. All this was or had was a huge florescent green mass of light. It was circling the skys for a good 45 minutes. It made no noise what so ever. Just a neon effect, blinking on + off as it was circling around + around. Like the effect of Turning a light in a bedroom on + off.

This sort of type effect. It puzzled me because it was as high as 2 telephone pole yet made no noise what so ever. Strangest still was it's circling the sky aimlessly. It was just a mass of green flourecent or green bluish light.

I would like to know what this might have been. In my opinion I do not believe it was a so called flying saucer. It did not ~~look~~ look like an object made from some mettalic substance. ~~It was like some effect~~.

Please send me an explanation. The sky was absolutely clear. This happened at the time I lived in Tampa Florida.

[redacted]

P.S. Since then I have read of flying saucers looks to see if this might be the source of an explanation. I believe not. Where the similarity ends is that it made no noise.

Thank you again.

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# Official U.S. Air Force UFO form continued

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14. Did the object disappear while you were watching it? If so, how?

NO IT COULD NOT SEE US - IT WAS ABOUT 1 OR TWO MILES AWAY SITTING ON TOP OF MNT.

15. Did the object move behind something at any time, particularly a cloud?

(Circle One): Yes (No) Don't know. IF you answered YES, then tell what it moved behind: _____

16. Did the object move in front of something at any time, particularly a cloud?

(Circle One): Yes (No) Don't know. IF you answered YES, then tell what in front of: _____

17. Tell in a few words the following things about the object:

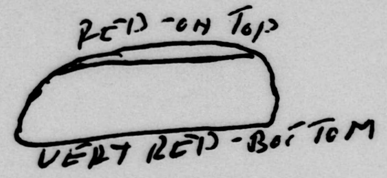
a. Sound NO SOUND

b. Color BRIGHT RED VERY BRIGHT

18. We wish to know the angular size. Hold a match stick at arm's length in line with a known object and note how much of the object is covered by the head of the match. If you had performed this experiment at the time of the sighting, how much of the object would have been covered by the match head?

IT APPEARED LITTLE ROUND

19. Draw a picture that will show the shape of the object or objects. Label and include in your sketch any details of the object that you saw such as wings, protrusions, etc., and especially exhaust trails or vapor trails. Place an arrow beside the drawing to show the direction the object was moving.




Page 4

20. Do you think you can estimate the speed of the object?

(Circle One) Yes (No)

IF you answered YES, then what speed would you estimate? TOOK OF TO FAST

21. Do you think you can estimate how far away from you the object was?

(Circle One) (Yes) No

IF you answered YES, then how far away would you say it was? 1-OR 2 MILES AWAY

22. Where were you located when you saw the object? (Circle One):

a. Inside a building
b. In a car
(c. Outdoors)
d. In an airplane (type)
e. At sea
f. Other _____

23. Were you (Circle One)

a. In the business section of a city?
b. In the residential section of a city?
(c. In open countryside?)
d. Near an airfield?
e. Flying over a city?
f. Flying over open country?
g. Other _____

24. IF you were MOVING IN AN AUTOMOBILE or other vehicle at the time, then complete the following questions:

24.1 What direction were you moving? (Circle One)

a. North c. East e. South g. West
b. Northeast d. Southeast f. Southwest h. Northwest

24.2 How fast were you moving? _____ miles per hour.

24.3 Did you stop at any time while you were looking at the object?

(Circle One) Yes No

25. Did you observe the object through any of the following?

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| a. Eyeglasses | Yes | (No) | e. Binoculars | Yes | (No) |
| b. Sun glasses | Yes | (No) | f. Telescope | Yes | (No) |
| c. Windshield | Yes | (No) | g. Theodolite | Yes | (No) |
| d. Window glass | Yes | (No) | h. Other COULD SEE WITH NAKED EYE | | |

26. In order that you can give as clear a picture as possible of what you saw, describe in your own words a common object or objects which, when placed up in the sky, would give the same appearance as the object which you saw.

IT APPEAR FOR THREE NIGHTS - ABOUT SAME TIME 11:30 - OR 11:45 PM. IT JUST APPEARED FROM NOWHERE'S - JUST LOOKED LIKE IT SAT ON TOP OF THE MNT.

# OFFICIAL U.S. AIR FORCE UFO FORM



U.S. AIR FORCE TECHNICAL INFORMATION

This questionnaire has been prepared so that you can give the U.S. Air Force as much information as possible concerning the unidentified aerial phenomenon that you have observed. Please try to answer as many questions as you possibly can. The information that you give will be used for research purposes. Your name will *not* be used in connection with any statements, conclusions, or publications without your permission. We request this personal information so that if it is deemed necessary, we may contact you for further details.

1. When did you see the object?

1ST WEEK (Day) JUNE (Month) 1958 (Year)

2. Time of day: 11:30-PM (Hours) ____ (Minutes)

(Circle One): A.M. or (P.M.)

3. Time Zone:

(Circle One): a. Eastern b. Central c. Mountain d. Pacific e. Other ____

(Circle One): a. Daylight Saving b. Standard

4. Where were you when you saw the object?

CHARMAN (Nearest Postal Address) ____ (City or Town) PAKISTAN (State or County)

5. How long was object in sight? (Total Duration) ½ (Hours) FOR THREE NIGHTS (Minutes) (Seconds)

a. Certain ✓
b. Fairly certain
c. Not very sure
d. Just a guess

5.1 How was time in sight determined? LOOKING ON TOP OF MNT

5.2 Was object in sight continuously? Yes X No ____

6. What was the condition of the sky?

| DAY | NIGHT |
|---|---|
| a. Bright | a. Bright ✓ |
| b. Cloudy | b. Cloudy |

7. IF you saw the object during DAYLIGHT, where was the SUN located as you looked at the object?

(Circle One): a. In front of you b. In back of you c. To your right d. To your left e. Overhead f. Don't remember

FORM FTD OCT 62 164 This form supersedes FTD 164, jul 61, which is obsolete.



8. IF you saw the object at NIGHT, what did you notice concerning the STARS and MOON?

8.1 STARS (Circle One):
a. None ✓
b. A few
c. Many
d. Don't remember

8.2 MOON (Circle One):
a. Bright moonlight
b. Dull moonlight
c. No moonlight—pitch dark ✓
d. Don't remember

9. What were the weather conditions at the time you saw the object?

CLOUDS (Circle One):
a. Clear sky ✓
b. Hazy
c. Scattered clouds
d. Thick or heavy clouds

WEATHER (Circle One):
a. Dry ✓
b. Fog, mist, or light rain
c. Moderate or heavy rain
d. Snow
e. Don't remember

10. The object appeared: (Circle One):

a. Solid
b. Transparent
c. Vapor
d. As a light ✓
e. Don't remember

11. If it appeared as a light, was it brighter than the brightest stars? (Circle One):

a. Brighter ✓
b. Dimmer
c. About the same
d. Don't know

11.1 Compare brightness to some common object:

LIKE A LARGE SEARCH LIGHT

12. The edges of the object were:

(Circle One): a. Fuzzy or blurred b. Like a bright star c. Sharply outlined ✓ d. Don't remember

e. Other (GLOWED ALL AROUND THE OBSECT.

13. Did the object:

| (Circle One for each question) | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| a. Appear to stand still at any time? | Yes ✓ | No | Don't know |
| b. Suddenly speed up and rush away at any time? | Yes ✓ | No | Don't know |
| c. Break up into parts or explode? | Yes | No | Don't know |
| d. Give off smoke? | Yes | No | Don't know |
| e. Change brightness? | Yes | No | Don't know |
| f. Change shape? | Yes | No | Don't know |
| g. Flash or flicker? | Yes | No | Don't know |
| h. Disappear and reappear? | Yes ✓ | No | Don't know |

# Official U.S. Air Force UFO form continued



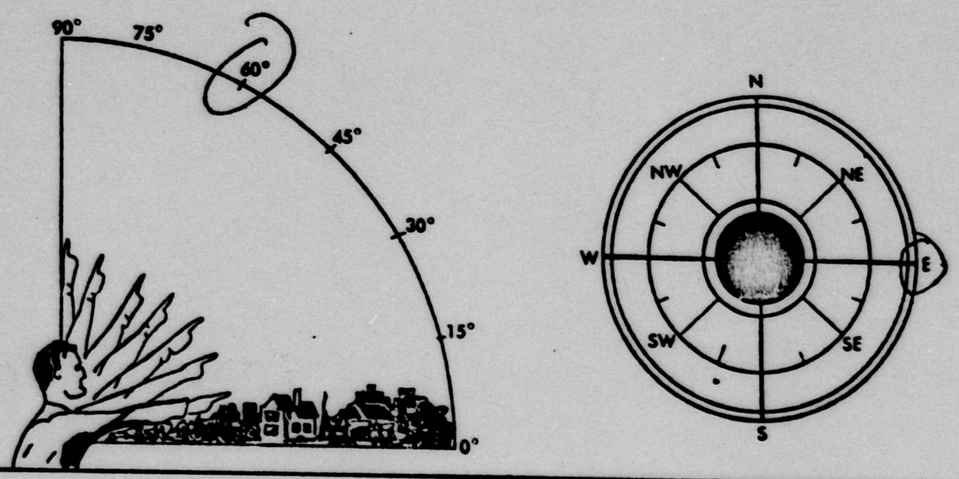
34. Date you completed this questionnaire: 6 (Day) MARCH (Month) 1967 (Year)

35. Information which you feel pertinent and which is not adequately covered in the specific points of the questionnaire or a narrative explanation of your sighting.

# Official U.S. Air Force UFO form continued



27. In the following sketch, imagine that you are at the point shown. Place an "A" on the curved line to show how high the object was above the horizon (skyline) when you *first* saw it. Place a "B" on the same curved line to show how high the object was above the horizon (skyline) when you *last* saw it. Place an "A" on the compass when you *first* saw it. Place a "B" on the compass when you *last* saw the object.




28. Draw a picture that will show the motion that the object or objects made. Place an "A" at the beginning of the path, a "B" at the end of the path, and show any changes in direction during the course.

29. IF there was MORE THAN ONE object, then how many were there? JUST ONE
Draw a picture of how they were arranged, and put an arrow to show the direction that they were traveling.



30. Have you ever seen this, or a similar object before. If so give date or dates and location.

NO

31. Was anyone else with you at the time you saw the object? (Circle One) (Yes) No

31.1 If you answered YES, did they see the object too? (Circle One) (Yes) No

31.2 Please list their names and addresses:

CAN'T THERE WERE YOUNG PAKISTANY-MILITARY PERSONEL.

32. Please give the following information about yourself:

NAME [redacted] (Last Name) [redacted] (Name)

ADDRESS [redacted] (Street) SAN FRANCISCO (City) 94103 (Zone) CALIF (State)

TELEPHONE NUMBER [redacted] AGE 57 SEX M

Indicate any additional information about yourself, including any special experience, which might be pertinent.

WAS - 41 YRS OLD AT TIME. WAS EMPLOYED IN AFGHANSTAN, STATION IN CHARMAN, PAKISTAN FOR ABOUT SEVEN MONTH. AND NO ONE COULD CLIMB THAT MNT. TO ROUGH.

33. When and to whom did you report that you had seen the object?

_____ (Day) _____ (Month) _____ (Year)

NO ONE STATE SIDE. WOULD THINK I WAS CRAZY

F.C. ——

AACS: —·—

FORECAST TRAJECTORY:

ASSUMED TRACK TO FORECAST

DOWN POSITION:

A. [illegible] 541B, ID 00L: 44 [illegible]

B. LAUNCHED 06/1622Z JUNE 58

C. ASSUMED DOWN 10/0515Z

D. ALTITUDE OVER 60K

E. SIZE 120 FT

F. MISSION

G. REMARKS

GEOSTROPHIC WIND SCALE

by

Isobaric Contours Based on Standard Atmosphere

Isobaric Interval 3 mb

Air Density Factor

Latitudes

Velocity (miles per hour)

STATUTE MILES

1:10,000,000

1:10,000,000

STATION ..... TIME ..... DATE .....

FORECASTER ..... UNIT ..... PLOTTED BY .....

PUBLISHED BY THE USAF AERONAUTICAL CHART AND INFORMATION CENTER,
AIR PHOTOGRAPHIC AND CHARTING SERVICE, ST. LOUIS 18, MO.
FEBRUARY 1945 (AMS) Revised OCTOBER 1948 (ACIC) BASE NO. 1R
OVERLAY PREPARED APRIL 1946 (AMS)
This printing does not obsolete previous printings.

HEADQUARTERS AIR WEATHER SERVICE
U. S. AIR FORCE

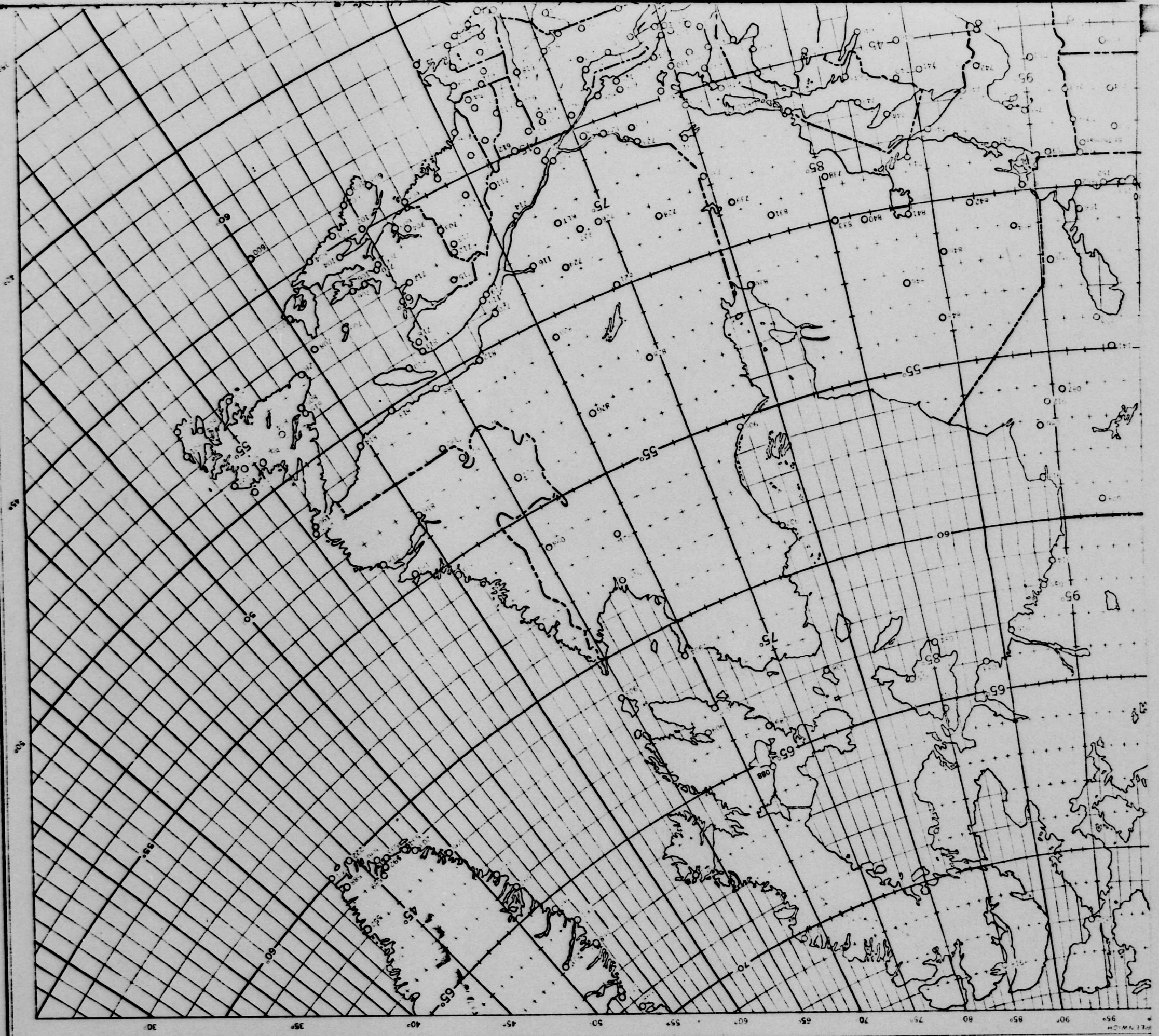
# WEATHER PLOTTING CHART

SCALE 1:10,000,000

## UNITED STATES

WRC 4-4A (SPECIAL)

LAMBERT CONFORMAL CONIC PROJECTION
SCALE TRUE ALONG STANDARD PARALLELS 30° AND 75°



UNITED STATES **WRC 44A (SPECIAL)**

NO CASE (INFORMATION ONLY)

10 Jun 1958
Marysville, Calif

SOURCE: FLYING SAUCERS - OCT '59

**Fargo, North Dakota Newspaper**
**SMOKING SAUCERS**

**Marysville, Calif. (AP) A brilliant light traveling slowly northeast past Marysville and emitting a smoke trail was reported by a dozen listeners to radio station KMYC Monday night (February 16, 1959). The object was sighted at 6:00 P.M. Viewers said it disappeared into a cloudbank after two minutes.**

**Believe the above is the same type plane seen by me June 10, 1958 at about 3:50 P.M. It seemed to rise near a clump of trees growing along side a stream, and just south of the**

small mountain range called The Buttes. It was a clear day. I imagine it was not more than 10 or 15 feet in the air when I first spotted it. It was gaining altitude rapidly and headed in a southwesterly direction It traveled close to the ceiling at an exceptionally high rate of speed. Shortly after I first saw it, it was between me and the sun and I could see the outline of a cigar-shaped object about 150 feet in length, enveloped in a cloud of smoke from nose to tail. It looked like a giant cocoon hurtling through the sky. Watched object from moving taxi for about 20 minutes. Phoned C.A.A. at its office at Yuba Co. (California) Airport. Cab driver saw it also.

**E. G. Carkuff**
**Route 2, Box 1819**
**Grass Valley, California**

19 JUNE 1958 GLEN ARDEN, MD. INFO ONLY NO CASE

19 June 58

THE WASHINGTON POST and TIMES HERALD
Friday, June 20, 1958 B3

# Unidentified Object in Sky Strikes Home

Claude Williams of Glen Arden, Md. complained yesterday that a whatsis whistled out of the blue Wednesday and ripped a three foot hole in the metal porch awning of his home.

Williams said he hadn't the foggiest notion what the whatsis was and when Prince Georges County police, firemen and Andrews Air Force Base investigators finished prowling around the Williams home they hadn't any idea either.

Capt. Jack Shea and 1st Lieut. Carl W. Peterson, of the Air Force, reported they had completed their investigation, found nothing, and had no theories.

Williams, of 8106 McClain Ave., told police that something made a whistling sound, zipped through the awning, made a gash in the ground about 30 feet from the house and scratched a tree about 50 feet away.

Williams said his daughter, Rose Elinor, her son, David, 12, and a playmate, were home at the time.

The offices of
PEOPLE'S
LIFE INS. CO.
at 1343 H St. N.W.
and
MORTGAGE
LOAN DEPT

# Official U.S. Air Force



14. Did the object disappear while you were watching it? If so, how? ~~YES~~. WE LOOKED AT IT AND WHILE WE TURNED OUR HEAD TO TELL MY FATHER (FOR ABOUT 1 SECOND) WHEN WE LOOKED BACK AND IT WAS GONE.

15. Did the object move behind something at any time, particularly a cloud?

(Circle One): Yes (No) Don't know. IF you answered YES, then tell what it moved behind: _____

16. Did the object move in front of something at any time, particularly a cloud?

(Circle One): Yes (No) Don't know. IF you answered YES, then tell what in front of: _____

17. Tell in a few words the following things about the object:

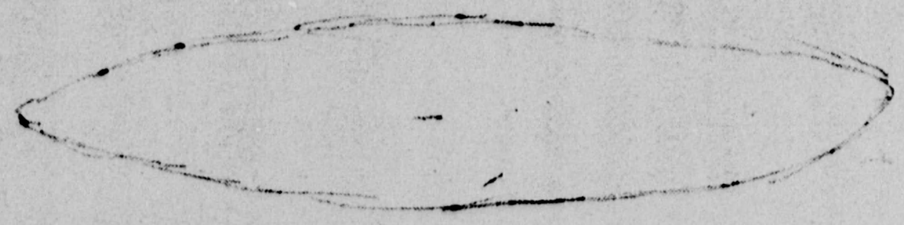
a. Sound THERE WAS NO NOISE AT ALL.

b. Color LIKE I CIRCLE BEFORE, IT WAS A TRANSPARENT WHITE OBJECT

18. We wish to know the angular size. Hold a match stick at arm's length in line with a known object and note how much of the object is covered by the head of the match. If you had performed this experiment at the time of the sighting, how much of the object would have been covered by the match head?

APPROX. $\frac{1}{25}$ OF THE OBJECT WOULD HAVE BEEN COVERED.

19. Draw a picture that will show the shape of the object or objects. Label and include in your sketch any details of the object that you saw such as wings, protrusions, etc., and especially exhaust trails or vapor trails. Place an arrow beside the drawing to show the direction the object was moving.



# OFFICIAL U.S. AIR



**U.S. AIR FORCE TECHNICAL INFORMATION**

This questionnaire has been prepared so that you can give the U.S. Air Force as much information as possible concerning the unidentified aerial phenomenon that you have observed. Please try to answer as many questions as you possibly can. The information that you give will be used for research purposes. Your name will *not* be used in connection with any statements, conclusions, or publications without your permission. We request this personal information so that if it is deemed necessary, we may contact you for further details.

1. When did you see the object?

21 (Day) JUNE (Month) SUMMER 1958 (Year)

2. Time of day: 10 (Hours) ABOUT 35 (Minutes)

(Circle One): A.M. or (P.M.)

3. Time Zone:

(Circle One): a. Eastern
(b.) Central
c. Mountain
d. Pacific
e. Other _____

(Circle One): a. Daylight Saving
(b.) Standard

4. Where were you when you saw the object?

_____ (Nearest Postal Address) CARY (City or Town) ILLINOIS (State or County)

5. How long was object in sight? (Total Duration) — (Hours) — (Minutes) 10 (Seconds)

a. Certain
(b.) Fairly certain
c. Not very sure
d. Just a guess

5.1 How was time in sight determined? THE TIME IT TOOK TO GET FROM CAR TO HOUSE

5.2 Was object in sight continuously? Yes _____ No ✓

6. What was the condition of the sky?

| DAY | NIGHT |
|---|---|
| a. Bright | (a.) Bright |
| b. Cloudy | b. Cloudy |

7. IF you saw the object during DAYLIGHT, where was the SUN located as you looked at the object?

(Circle One): a. In front of you
b. In back of you
c. To your right
d. To your left
e. Overhead
f. Don't remember

# FORCE UFO FORM



8. IF you saw the object at NIGHT, what did you notice concerning the STARS and MOON?

8.1 STARS *(Circle One)*:

a. None
b. A few
c. Many
d. Don't remember

8.2 MOON *(Circle One)*:

a. Bright moonlight
b. Dull moonlight
c. No moonlight—pitch dark
d. Don't remember

9. What were the weather conditions at the time you saw the object?

CLOUDS *(Circle One)*:

a. Clear sky
b. Hazy
c. Scattered clouds
d. Thick or heavy clouds

WEATHER *(Circle One)*:

a. Dry
b. Fog, mist, or light rain
c. Moderate or heavy rain
d. Snow
e. Don't remember

10. The object appeared: *(Circle One)*:

a. Solid
b. Transparent
c. Vapor
d. As a light
e. Don't remember

11. If it appeared as a light, was it brighter than the brightest stars? *(Circle One)*:

a. Brighter
b. Dimmer
c. About the same
d. Don't know

11.1 Compare brightness to some common object:

12. The edges of the object were:

*(Circle One)*:

a. Fuzzy or blurred
b. Like a bright star
c. Sharply outlined
d. Don't remember
e. Other

13. Did the object:

(Circle One for each question)

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| a. Appear to stand still at any time? | Yes | No | Don't know |
| b. Suddenly speed up and rush away at any time? | Yes | No | Don't know |
| c. Break up into parts or explode? | Yes | No | Don't know |
| d. Give off smoke? | Yes | No | Don't know |
| e. Change brightness? | Yes | No | Don't know |
| f. Change shape? | Yes | No | Don't know |
| g. Flash or flicker? | Yes | No | Don't know |
| h. Disappear and reappear? | Yes | No | Don't know |

# UFO form continued



20. Do you think you can estimate the speed of the object? IT WAS NOT MOVING WHEN WE SAW IT.

(Circle One) Yes No

IF you answered YES, then what speed would you estimate?_____

21. Do you think you can estimate how far away from you the object was?

(Circle One) (Yes) No

IF you answered YES, then how far away would you say it was? 100 FT.

22. Where were you located when you saw the object? *(Circle One):*

a. Inside a building
b. In a car
(c.) Outdoors
d. In an airplane (type)
e. At sea
f. Other_____

23. Were you *(Circle One)*

a. In the business section of a city?
b. In the residential section of a city?
(c.) In open countryside?
d. Near an airfield?
e. Flying over a city?
f. Flying over open country?
g. Other_____

24. IF you were MOVING IN AN AUTOMOBILE or other vehicle at the time, then complete the following questions:

24.1 What direction were you moving? *(Circle One)*

a. North c. East e. South g. West
b. Northeast d. Southeast f. Southwest h. Northwest

24.2 How fast were you moving?_____miles per hour.

24.3 Did you stop at any time while you were looking at the object?

(Circle One) Yes No

25. Did you observe the object through any of the following?

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| a. Eyeglasses | Yes | (No) | e. Binoculars | Yes | (No) |
| b. Sun glasses | Yes | (No) | f. Telescope | Yes | (No) |
| c. Windshield | Yes | (No) | g. Theodolite | Yes | (No) |
| d. Window glass | Yes | (No) | h. Other_____ | | |

26. In order that you can give as clear a picture as possible of what you saw, describe in your own words a common object or objects which, when placed up in the sky, would give the same appearance as the object which you saw.

THIS OBJECT WAS NOT IN THE SKY, IT WAS IN AN OPEN FIELD NEXT TO OUR HOUSE.

30. Have you ever seen this, or a similar object before. If so give date or dates and location. NO

31. Was anyone else with you at the time you saw the object? *(Circle One)* (Yes) No

31.1 IF you answered YES, did they see the object too? *(Circle One)* (Yes) No

31.2 Please list their names and addresses: [redacted]

32. Please give the following information about yourself:

NAME [redacted] [redacted] [redacted]
Last Name First Name Middle Name

ADDRESS [redacted] CARY — ILLINOIS
Street City Zone State

TELEPHONE NUMBER [redacted] AGE 16 SEX M

Indicate any additional information about yourself, including any special experience, which might be pertinent.

There is no differences I can think of that would relate in any way to the one above.

33. When and to whom did you report that you had seen the object?

_____ Day _____ Month _____ Year

I didn't report it because at the time I did not believe in UFO's

We checked the sky for airplanes but there were none.

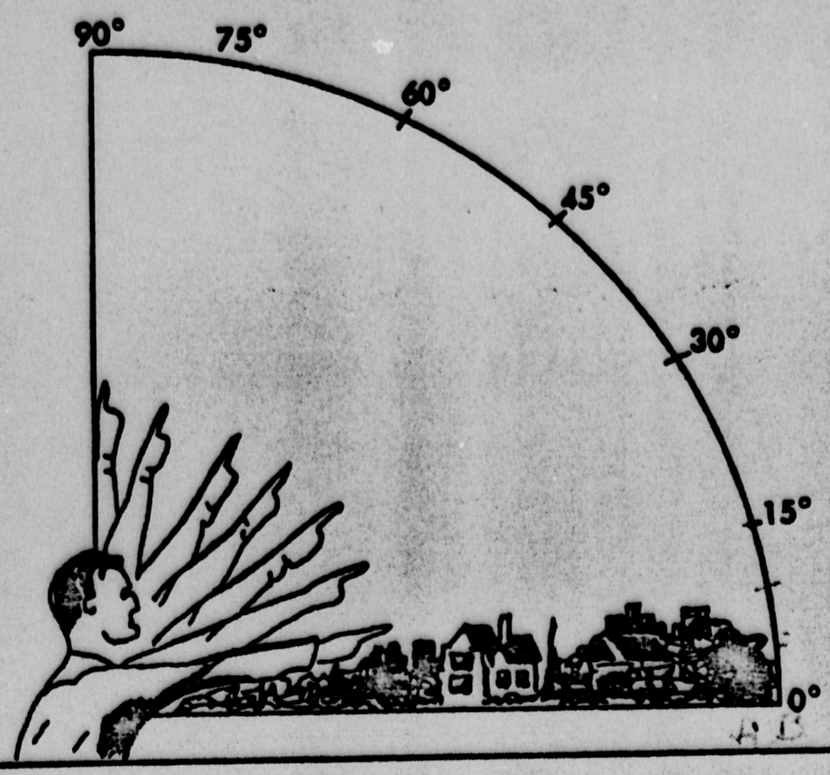
I have no explanation for the incident, but I do know I saw this object and my mother is sure too. The reason we didn't report it was because we didn't believe in UFO's then and it wasn't very popular then. The reason I am writing now is because I am beginning to believe in them more and more now.

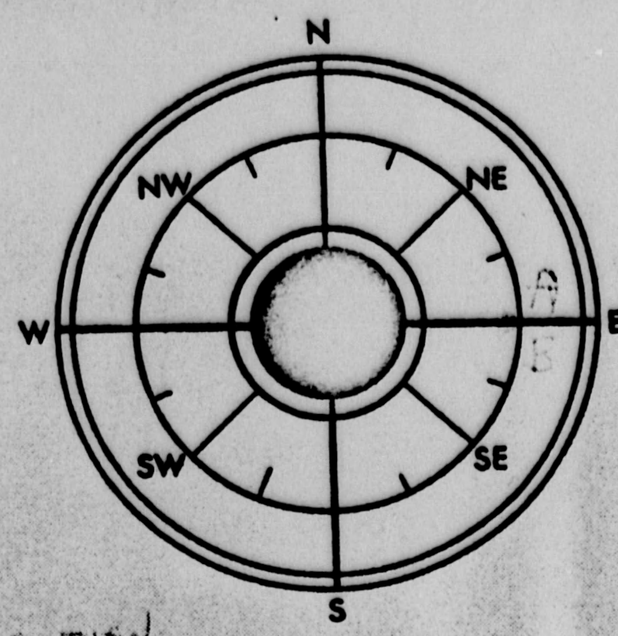
I am not writing this as a prank and I hope this report can be of use to you.

Sincerely

[redacted]

27. In the following sketch, imagine that you are at the point shown. Place an "A" on the curved line to show how high the object was above the horizon (skyline) when you *first* saw it. Place a "B" on the same curved line to show how high the object was above the horizon (skyline) when you *last* saw it. Place an "A" on the compass when you *first* saw it. Place a "B" on the compass when you *last* saw the object.




IT WAS EVEN

28. Draw a picture that will show the motion that the object or objects made. Place an "A" at the beginning of the path, a "B" at the end of the path, and show any changes in direction during the course.

29. IF there was MORE THAN ONE object, then how many were there?_____
Draw a picture of how they were arranged, and put an arrow to show the direction that they were traveling.

34. Date you completed this questionnaire: 8 (Day) FEB (Month) 1967 (Year)

35. Information which you feel pertinent and which is not adequately covered in the specific points of the questionnaire or a narrative explanation of your sighting.

All I remember is that it was night, in the summer of 1958, We were arriving home from my grandparents who lived in Chicago. It was 10:30, because we always got home at 10:30 every time we went to Chicago. There were absolutely no lights in the sky or for that matter anywhere around. The nearest house around then was about a block away. The lights in our house were out because we had not reached the house yet. My mother and I got out of our car and in the field next door we saw a translucent light; the shape of a circle. We observed it for perhaps 10 seconds and then turned our head for a very small amount of time. I know my dad. But when we looked over where we saw it, it was gone.

No Case Information Only 29 Jun 1958

# Explorer III Died Quietly, Perhaps

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., June 29—(UPI) — American satellite Explorer III apparently died on or ahead of schedule with no reported fireworks, experts at Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory said today.

A top official said there had been no confirmed sighting of Explorer III since 10:30 p.m. Friday at Memphis, Tenn., where the artificial moon appeared on schedule. Astrophysicists here and at other agencies had predicted Explorer III would burn up in the Earth's atmosphere by tonight.

Smithsonian scientists discounted reported sightings since Friday night in Connecticut, Arizona and over the Atlantic ocean.

If still aloft, Explorer III would have passed over the southern half of the United States at varying times last night.

CONN, ARIZ, ATLANTIC OCEAN.

No Case (Information Only) 29 June 1958

RECENT NEWS STORIES

PILOT SEES UFO SPLIT INTO THREE PARTS: Captain Peter Jrouwel of the Royal Dutch Airline stated on June 29th that he saw a "glaring light" disintegrate into three parts, while flying to New York City from Shannon, Ireland, the previous night. He spotted the light two hours out of Shannon while flying at an altitude of 10,000 feet. "The light became brighter and crossed our path in a low arc," he related. "The moon was right up there too, so we could compare the illumination with the moon. It started bright as Venus and at one time appeared brighter than the moon. Then it suddenly burst into three parts, each part still very bright. Two seconds later the parts either burned out or became lost in the clouds beneath us."

SHANNON, ~~SCOTLAND~~ IRELAND

# 1 - 15 JULY 1958 SIGHTINGS

| DATE | LOCATION | OBSERVER | EVALUATION |
|---|---|---|---|
| Jul | Little Neck, New York | [redacted] | Other (UNRELIABLE REPORT) |
| 1 | Springfield, Ohio | [redacted] | Astro (METEOR) |
| 1 | Philadelphia, Pennsylvania | [redacted] | Astro (METEOR) |
| 1 | Norfolk, Virginia | [redacted] | Astro (ARCTURUS) |
| 2 | E of Ascension Island | Steamship African Planet | Astro (METEOR) |
| 2 | Columbia, South Carolina | [redacted] | Astro (METEOR) |
| 2 | W of Germantown, Ohio | [redacted] | Astro (STAR) |
| 3 | White Cloud, Michigan | [redacted] | Balloon |
| 5 | 31;30N 70.30W (Atlantic) | Civilian & Mil Aircraft | Astro (METEOR) |
| 5 | Seattle, Washington | [redacted] | Insufficient Data |
| 7 | Uruguay | [redacted] | Astro (METEOR) |
| 8 | Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania | [redacted] | Insufficient Data |
| 8 | W of Boreland, Michigan | [redacted] | Astro (METEOR) |
| 8 | Devils River, Texas | [redacted] | Balloon |
| 9 | Massilon, Ohio | [redacted] | Insufficient Data |
| 10 | Kentucky, Tennessee, Indiana | Multi | Astro (METEOR) |
| 10 | Billings, Montana | [redacted] | Other (ILLUSION) |
| 11 | Lincoln, Nebraska | [redacted] (PHOTO) | Other (REFLECTIONS) |
| 11 | Amarillo AFB, Texas | Military | Aircraft Tests |
| 11 | Etain AFB, France | Military | Satellite (SPUTNIK III) |
| 12 | 13 Mi SW of Buffalo, Wyoming | [redacted] | Balloon |
| 12 | Randolph AFB, Texas | Military | Satellite (SPUTNIK III) |
| 12 | Michigan, Ohio | Multi | Satellite (SPUTNIK III) |
| 12 | Dayton, Ohio | [redacted] | Aircraft |
| 13 | Wellington, Randolph AFB, Texas | Pan Am, Military | Satellite (SPUTNIK III) |
| 13 | Grand Rapids, Michigan | [redacted] | Insufficient Data |
| 13 | St Louis, Missouri | [redacted] | Aircraft |
| 14 | Xenia, Bellbrook, Ohio | [redacted] | Astro (VENUS) |
| 14 | Seoul, Korea | Civilian | Insufficient Data |
| 14 | Pyongteak Aux Afld, Korea | Military | Insufficient Data |
| 14 | SW of Bermuda | Multi | Astro (METEOR) |
| 15 | Oliver Springs, Knoxville, Tennessee | [redacted] | Satellite (SPUTNIK III) |

## ADDITIONAL REPORTED SIGHTINGS (NOT CASES)

| DATE | LOCATION | SOURCE | EVALUATION |
|---|---|---|---|
| 4-5 | North Carolina Coast | American Meteor Society | |
| 11 | Silver City, Texas | Newsclipping | |